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RECORD OF ORAL HEARING

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

BEFORE THE BOARD OF PATENT APPEALS AND INTERFERENCES

Appeal 2008-1869 Application 09/845,042 Technology Center 1600

Oral Hearing Held: July 10, 2008

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Before DONALD E. ADAMS, RICHARD M. LEBOVITZ and MELANIE L. McCOLLUM, *Administrative Patent Judges*.

ON BEHALF OF THE APPELLANTS:

ANDREW J. PATCH, ESQUIRE Young & Thompson 209 Madison Street Suite 500 Alexandria, Virginia 22314 (703) 521-2297

The above-entitled matter came on for hearing on Thursday, July 10, 2008, commencing at 9:01 a.m., at the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, 600 Dulany Street, Alexandria, Virginia, before Jennifer M. O'Connor, Notary Public.

1 THE CLERK: Good morning. Calendar number 28, Mr. Patch. 2 JUDGE ADAMS: Good morning, Mr. Patch. 3 MR. PATCH: Good morning, Your Honor. 4 JUDGE ADAMS: We're familiar with your issues. You have 20 5 minutes and if you would begin by spelling your name into the record for us. 6 MR. PATCH: Sure. It's Andrew, A-n-d-r-e-w, J., middle initial, 7 Patch, P-a-t-c-h, with the firm of Young & Thompson. May it please the 8 board, the only issues remaining to be resolved by Your Honors in this 9 appeal are new matter questions. There are five recitations considered by 10 the Examiner to constitute new matter which appear variously in the four 11 independent claims that are pending and on appeal. 12 The one which appears in all four of the independent claims is the 13 phrase "for maximum of three days," which references the culture time, so we'll start with that one. And, of course, I invite your questions at any time 14 15 during my -- during my speech or presentation. The phrase "maximum of three days" does not appear *ipsis verbis* in 16 17 the Specification as filed, but of course, that's not required for compliance 18 with the written description requirement of 112, first paragraph. We do 19 think that it is very abundantly supported throughout the Specification in the 20 general disclosure and the original claims and in the example. 21 There are a number of examples which recite culturing these cells for 22 three days, which we believe in and of itself supports the recitation of a 23 maximum of three days. Certainly to the extent of the upper limit of that 24 recitation, to the extent that you view that recitation as being a range, that is, 25 even if the Specification were viewed as teaching culturing for a longer time, 26 it doesn't seem to me to be any different than the case where you disclose a

1	broader range and a narrower range and the Applicant, of course, is entitled
2	to limit his claims to the narrower range if he feels that's necessary for
3	whatever reason to avoid the prior art or to overcome an enablement
4	rejection.
5	JUDGE ADAMS: So your Specification starts out with within three
6	days of culture. Then further along in your Specification, you give some
7	examples where you take cells two days after culture or three days after
8	culture, and you're arguing it would be you set these endpoints. You said
9	within three days you should have support for the maximum of three days?
10	MR. PATCH: Exactly.
11	JUDGE LEBOVITZ: What was the Examiner's problem with that?
12	MR. PATCH: It's not totally clear to me. When I was rereading the
13	Examiner's Answer, I remember having thought that he felt the Specification
14	was not did not support saying nothing more than three days. When I
15	reread the Examiner's Answer, I started to get the impression that he might
16	have a problem with it to the extent that it encompassed one day or
17	something toward the lower end of that range.
18	There I don't think that that concern is valid on the record. I think the
19	phrase "within three days" that we find several times in the Application
20	supports the range. To the extent he was concerned with it, how and
21	what's the minimum amount of time you could utilize to culture these cells
22	and obtain the characteristics claimed, I think that would be more of a scope
23	of enablement type of an issue.
24	We did have a non-enablement rejection at the outset of the appeal
25	and that was withdrawn in the Examiner's Answer. But even there, I think,
26	it's I mean, it would be a different issue, one of enablement. And I don't

1 think on this record it would be a valid issue in the sense that the claims 2 already by their terms are directed to producing cells having these 3 characteristics. So if you were to perform the process for too short a time, 4 by definition you would not be performing the claimed method. 5 Three of the four independent claims contain the recitation in the 6 absence of IL-4, Interlukin 4, and the fourth one arguably contains it 7 implicitly by contrasting the characteristics of the produced cells to cells that 8 are produced in the presence of IL-4. 9 There again, it's an instance where we admittedly do not have *ipsis* 10 verbis or explicit antecedent basis in the Specification as filed, but we feel 11 that it's very clear to a skilled artisan from reading the Application that this is part of what we invented. We didn't pull IL-4 out of thin air in terms of 12 13 introducing it in the context of a negative limitation. Rather the entire 14 Specification contrasts the dendritic cells that are produced according to the 15 invention with those made in the presence of IL-4. 16 And that's the whole approach taken in terms of characterizing the invention. Here's what you get, according to the invention, when you use 17 18 type 1 interferon with this GM-CSF. Here's what you get on the other hand, 19 not according to the invention, when you use IL-4 together with this GM-20 CSF. There were a number of passages we put in our Brief, in our Reply 21 22 Brief. We should have put them all. In combing through the Specification 23 to prepare for argument, I noticed one or two others. There's a mention on 24 page 28 of utilizing interferon and GM-CSF. It uses the phrase "instead of 25 IL-4 and GM-CSF," which may be as close as we come to *ipsis verbis* 26 support for this recitation.

1 And there's numerous recitations, some of which I believe we've cited 2 to in the Brief, using the phrasing "either interferon GM-CSF or IL-4 GM-3 CSF." 4 JUDGE ADAMS: As you explain, your culture cells, you filter two 5 different populations of cells in the presence or in the absence of IL-4 and 6 then compare and contrast the result of those two sets of cells, right? 7 MR. PATCH: Right. 8 JUDGE ADAMS: Go ahead. 9 MR. PATCH: Those are the first two. We then have -- the phrase 10 "within three days" was separately objected to as being new matter and 11 there, I think, we actually have not only implicit support, but also the explicit ipsis verbis support. 12 13 JUDGE ADAMS: Within three days appears in the summary of your 14 invention and in at least one of your original claims? 15 MR. PATCH: That's right, it appears in the original claim 2, Your Honor. I'm glad you picked that up because I'm not sure that we were on the 16 17 ball in terms of citing that in our Brief, as well as in the summary, as you 18 note, and several other places in the Specification, as further supported by 19 the reference of two to three days in several instances, which leaves, I 20 believe, only the two numerical range limitations, which --21 JUDGE ADAMS: You're arguing for both of those as you disclose a 22 set of ranges? You disclose experiments that use a particular endpoint in 23 *In re Wertheim* to support your position on that? 24 MR. PATCH: That's right, Your Honor. 25 JUDGE ADAMS: Anything else?

1	MR. PATCH: Well no, that's essentially it. Those two ranges appear
2	in, I believe, only one of the four independent claims and also I believe in at
3	least one of the dependent claims. But it is an argument premised on <i>In re</i>
4	Wertheim. It seems factually very similar there, if anything, I would
5	suggest, perhaps even a bit easier. Because my recollection of that case was
6	that the parent Application had a range of 25 to 60 and an example at 36.
7	And the CCPA found that supported subsequently a claimed range of 35 to
8	60, where they actually had an endpoint that wasn't specifically mentioned.
9	Here we're using endpoints, all of which are specifically described,
10	not only in the context of an example, but also, I believe, in the context of
11	narrower preferred ranges?
12	JUDGE LEBOVITZ: Did the Examiner respond to the Wertheim
13	argument?
14	MR. PATCH: He did. He cited several cases in the Examiner's
15	Answer which I don't think are as on-point as is In re Wertheim. He gave
16	some discussion of another CCPA case of In re Smith which I think had to
17	do with claiming a specific compound embraced by a genus but where there
18	was no disclosure of that specific compound in, I don't know whether it was
19	the Application as filed or a priority Application. It's always the same
20	question of course.
21	But in Wertheim, that was one of the cases that was discussed in some
22	length and distinguished. Of course, to the extent there is any conflict
23	between those two cases, Wertheim would control since the CCPA always
24	sat in banks. So, whatever their latest word was was the controlling word.
25	But I don't think there really is any conflict between those two cases and I

1	don't think the CCPA viewed there as being a conflict between the two
2	cases.
3	JUDGE LEBOVITZ: So there was no subsequent case to work on
4	that you cited that conflicted with the range, written description law?
5	MR. PATCH: Well, there were two subsequent cases that he cited, but
6	I don't think that they did conflict with that range, the Wertheim range law.
7	So far as I know, that Wertheim law is still controlling and my observation
8	has been that the board tends to look to that. Certainly we do from the
9	Applicant's side when this type of question arises.
10	The Examiner I recall in his Examiner's Answer did make a
11	comment saying that this assessment of new matter is always fact specific
12	and there's no sort of magic omnibus rule, and I agree that it's inappropriate
13	to view Wertheim in that way. Wertheim itself says it's case by case and fact
14	specific.
15	But the Examiner makes the suggestion that I don't think is supported
16	on the record, which is that in narrowing to these recited ranges that are in
17	question, this is somehow critical for enablement and that a broader range
18	would not be enabled and therefore this range should be viewed as more
19	suspect under the written description standard.
20	But when you look at the other three independent claims, they have
21	the broader ranges which are explicitly supported in the original disclosure,
22	and those rangers are considered to be enabled. But I don't think on this
23	record that our narrowing changes the complexion of the claim from the
24	standpoint of being on one side or the other of the enablement standard.
25	JUDGE LEBOVITZ: And since they're encompassed or described,
26	there's an expectation that range would give you the same results?

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1	MR. PATCH: I agree, Your Honor.
2	JUDGE ADAMS: Okay, anything else?
3	MR. PATCH: That's all I have. If Your Honors don't have any other
4	questions
5	JUDGE ADAMS: Questions? Okay, thank you.
6	MR. PATCH: Thank Your Honors.
7	(Whereupon, at 9:13 a.m., the proceedings were concluded.)
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